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John F. Bower, Simon A. Cotton, John Fawcett and David R. Russell

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Bis(2,2'-bipyridyl-*N,N'*)tris(nitrato-*O,O'*)neodymium

John F. Bower,^{a*} Simon A. Cotton,^a John Fawcett^b and David R. Russell^b

^aUppingham School, Uppingham, Rutland, England, and ^bDepartment of Chemistry, University of Leicester, Leicester LE1 7RH, England

Correspondence e-mail: jxf@leicester.ac.uk

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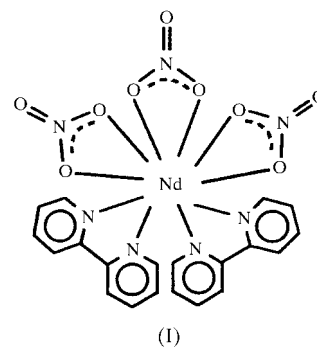
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The title compound, [Nd(bipy-*N,N'*)₂(NO₃-*O,O'*)₃], is found to be isomorphous with the La and Lu analogues having three bidentate nitrate and two bipyridyl ligands giving a ten-coordinate environment.

Comment

Compounds Ln(bipy)₂(NO₃)₃ (Ln = La–Lu; bipy = 2,2'-bipyridyl) have been known for many years (Lobanov & Smirnova, 1963; Sinha, 1964; Hart & Laming, 1965). The structures of the La and Lu compounds have more recently been confirmed by X-ray diffraction studies (Al-Kharaghoul & Wood, 1972; Kravchenko, 1972; Kepert *et al.*, 1996). Nd(bipy)₂(NO₃)₃, (I), is isomorphous with those structures, with three bidentate nitrate and two bipyridyl ligands giving a ten-coordinate environment about the Nd atom. The coordination polyhedron has been described as a bicapped dodecahedron (Al-Kharaghoul & Wood, 1972) or sphenocorona (Kepert *et al.*, 1996). The average Nd–N bond length of 2.596 Å is 0.07 Å shorter than in the La analogue closely corresponding to the 0.05 Å expected on ionic radius grounds (Shannon, 1976). Similarly the average Nd–O bond length of 2.549 Å is 0.05 Å less than that found for the La analogue and is similar to the average value of 2.587 Å found in the 12-coordinate Nd(NO₃)₃(18-crown-6) (Bombieri *et al.*, 1980). The O5 atom of the NO₃ group on the twofold axis exhibits very high anisotropic displacement parameters perpendicular to that axis. This may be due to non-planarity of the NO₃ group and consequent disorder of the O5 across the axis which could not be resolved in the presence of the Nd atom.



It has generally been believed that bipy and phen (1,10-phenanthroline) will not form complexes beyond a 2:1 stoichiometry with Ln(NO₃)₃ (Forsberg, 1973; Fréchette, 1992), however, the complexes Ln(bipy)₃(NO₃)₃ (Ln = Ce, Pr, Nd, Yb) have been reported (Dong *et al.*, 1992) from the reaction of hydrated lanthanide nitrates with 2,2'-bipyridyl (3 moles). A study of the 1:3 Nd:bipy complex was undertaken to clarify this point. Unfortunately all crystals obtained from this reaction were of poor quality with the best data giving R₁ = 0.096 (*w*R₂ = 0.33, all data) but the structure was Nd(bipy)₂(NO₃)₃(bipy). There are no unusual non-bonded contacts between the non co-ordinated bipy molecules and the Nd(bipy)₂(NO₃)₃ molecules.

Experimental

The title complex (I) was prepared by methods similar to those in the literature (Hart & Laming, 1965). Hot solutions of Nd(NO₃)₃·6H₂O (0.219 g, 0.5 mmol) in ethanol (15 ml) and bipy (0.156 g, 1 mmol) in ethanol (15 ml) were mixed. Violet crystals formed overnight.

Crystal data

[Nd(NO₃)₃(C₁₀H₈N₂)₂]
M_r = 642.64
Orthorhombic, *Pbcn*
a = 16.935 (3) Å
b = 9.0806 (7) Å
c = 14.987 (3) Å
V = 2304.8 (6) Å³
Z = 4
D_x = 1.852 Mg m⁻³

Mo Kα radiation
Cell parameters from 47 reflections
θ = 5.38–29.99°
μ = 2.32 mm⁻¹
T = 190 (2) K
Block, violet
0.34 × 0.28 × 0.19 mm

Data collection

Siemens P4 diffractometer
ω scans
Absorption correction: ψ scan
(North *et al.*, 1968)
T_{min} = 0.506, T_{max} = 0.667
3149 measured reflections
2499 independent reflections
1867 reflections with I > 2σ(I)

R_{int} = 0.025
θ_{max} = 27.01°
h = -1 → 21
k = -1 → 11
l = -1 → 19
3 standard reflections
every 100 reflections
intensity decay: <1%

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.129$
 $S = 2.230$
 2499 reflections
 169 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0268P)^2 + 3.6161P]$$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.010$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 1.66 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -2.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Data collection: XSCANS (Fait, 1991); cell refinement: XSCANS (Fait, 1991); data reduction: XSCANS (Fait, 1991); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 1990); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997).

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